

1. a) $5y + (3y - 4) - (2 + 2y)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5y + 3y - 4 - 2 - 2y \\ &= 5y + 3y - 2y - 4 - 2 \\ &= 6y - 6 \end{aligned}$$

b) $(a+1) - (3a+b) - (a-b)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= a+1 - 3a-b - a+b \\ &= a - 3a - a + 1 - b + b \\ &= -3a + 1 \end{aligned}$$

2. a) $(5a + 8b) - (3a - 4b) + (7a - 12b)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5a + 8b - 3a + 4b + 7a - 12b \\ &= 5a - 3a + 7a + 8b + 4b - 12b \\ &= 9a \end{aligned}$$

b) $(2x + 4y) + (4x + 2y) - (6x + 6y)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2x + 4y + 4x + 2y - 6x - 6y \\ &= 2x + 4x - 6x + 4y + 2y - 6y \\ &= 6x - 6x + by - by \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

3. a) $a - (b-a) - (a-b) - (a+b)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= a - b + a - a + b - a - b \\ &= a + a - a - a - b + b - b \\ &= -b \end{aligned}$$

b) $-(x-y) + (x+y) - (x-y)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -x+y + x+y - x+y \\ &= 3y-x \quad (\text{eller } -x+3y) \end{aligned}$$

S.98

4 a) $(x+y) - (?) = 2x$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x-term} \\ x - ? = 2x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - (-x) = 2x \\ x + x = 2x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ -x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{y-term} \\ y - (?) = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y - (y) = 0 \\ y - y = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ y \end{array}$$

Svar: $(y-x)$

4 b) $(x+y) - (?) = 2y$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x-term} \\ x - (?) = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - (x) = 0 \\ x - x = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{y-term} \\ y - (?) = 2y \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y - (-y) = 2y \\ y + y = 2y \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ -y \end{array}$$

Svar: $(x-y)$

4 c) $(x+y) - (?) = 0$

$$\begin{array}{l} x - (?) = 0 \\ x - (x) = 0 \end{array}$$

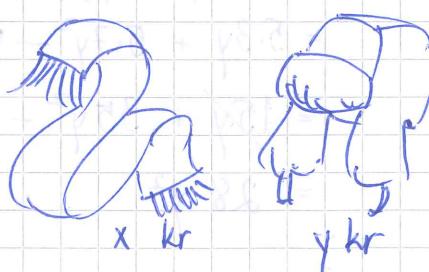
$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y - (?) = 0 \\ y - (y) = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ y \end{array}$$

Svar: $(x+y)$

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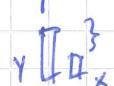


a) $y + 2x$



kostnaden för en
mössa och två halsdukar

b) $y - x$



prisskillnaden mellan
en mössa och en halsduk

c) $500 - (y+x)$



Vad man får tillbaka
när man betalar
med 500 kr en
mössa och en halsduk

6 a) $15x + 4(3x - 5) - 3x$ Multiplication!

$$= 15x + 4 \cdot 3x - 4 \cdot 5 - 3x$$

$$4 \cdot (-5) = -4 \cdot 5$$

$$= 15x + 12x - 20 - 3x$$

$$= 24x - 20$$

$\begin{matrix} x \\ \times \\ x \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} + \\ + \end{matrix} \rightarrow +$	}	ett jämnt antal negativa faktorer \rightarrow positivt
$\begin{matrix} x \\ \times \\ - \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} - \\ - \end{matrix} \rightarrow +$		

$\begin{matrix} x \\ \times \\ + \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} - \\ + \end{matrix} \rightarrow -$	}	ett ojämnt antal negativa faktorer \rightarrow negativt
$\begin{matrix} x \\ \times \\ - \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} + \\ - \end{matrix} \rightarrow -$		

b) $8y - 9(2-y)$

$$= 8y - 9 \cdot 2 + 9 \cdot y$$

$$-9 \cdot (-y) = +9 \cdot y$$

$$= 8y - 18 + 9y$$

$$= 17y - 18$$

7 a) $5(2x+4) - 4(5-x)$

$$= 5 \cdot 2x + 5 \cdot 4 - 4 \cdot 5 + 4 \cdot x$$

$$-4 \cdot (-x) = +4 \cdot x$$

$$= 10x + 20 - 20 + 4x$$

$$= 14x$$

b) $3(4 + 3x) - 6x - 2(6-x)$

$$= 3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 3x - 6x - 2 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot x$$

$$= 12 + 9x - 6x - 12 + 2x$$

$$= 5x$$

8 a) $3x(x+5) + x(3+3x)$

$$= 3x \cdot x + 3x \cdot 5 + x \cdot 3 + x \cdot 3x$$

b) $5(3y + 7y^2) - y(7y + 15)$

$$= 5 \cdot 3y + 5 \cdot 7y^2 - y \cdot 7y - y \cdot 15$$

$$= 3x^2 + 15x + 3x + 3x^2$$

$$= 15y + 35y^2 - 7y^2 - 15y$$

$$= 6x^2 + 18x$$

$$= 28y^2$$

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$$a) 2x(x+7y) - 3y(x-4y) - 11xy$$

$$= 2x \cdot x + 2x \cdot 7y - 3y \cdot x + 3y \cdot 4y - 11xy$$

$$= 2x^2 + 14xy - 3xy + 12y^2 - 11xy$$

$$= 2x^2 + 14xy - 3xy - 11xy + 12y^2$$

$$= 2x^2 + 12y^2$$

$$b) 5a(2a-3b) - 4b(b-2a) + b(5b+7a)$$

$$= 5a \cdot 2a - 5a \cdot 3b - 4b \cdot b + 4b \cdot 2a + b \cdot 5b + b \cdot 7a$$

$$= 10a^2 - 15ab - 4b^2 + 8ab + 5b^2 + 7ab$$

$$= 10a^2 + b^2$$

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Förenklar uttrycket

$$A) x(x-y) + x(y-x)$$

$$= \cancel{x^2} - \cancel{xy} + \cancel{xy} - \cancel{x^2}$$

$$= \cancel{\text{---}} \quad 0$$

$$B) x(x-y) + x(x+y)$$

$$= \cancel{x^2} - \cancel{xy} + \cancel{x^2} + \cancel{xy}$$

$$= 2x^2$$

$$C) x(y-x) + x(x+y)$$

$$= \cancel{xy} - \cancel{x^2} + \cancel{x^2} + xy$$

$$= 2xy$$

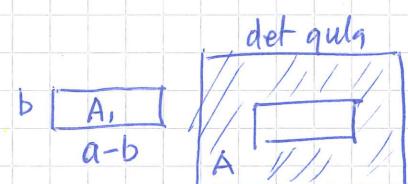
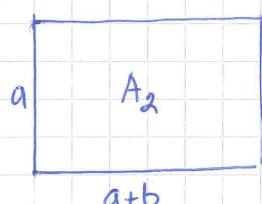
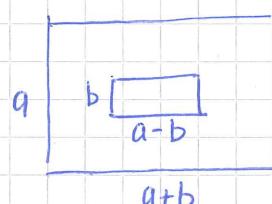
$$D) x(x+y) - x(y-x)$$

$$= \cancel{x^2} + \cancel{xy} - \cancel{xy} + \cancel{x^2}$$

$$= 2x^2$$

Svar: uttrycket B och D har samma värde och är lika

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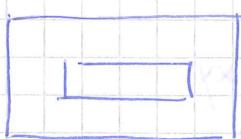


$$a) A_1 = b(a-b) = \underline{\underline{ab - b^2}}$$

$$b) A = A_2 - A_1 = a(a+b) - (ab - b^2)$$

$$= a^2 + ab - ab + b^2 = \underline{\underline{a^2 + b^2}}$$

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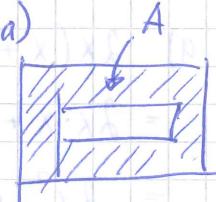


$$A_1 = b(a+b)$$

$$A_1 = b \cdot a + b \cdot b$$

$$A_2 = b(b-a)$$

$$A_2 = b \cdot b - b \cdot a$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= A_1 - A_2 \\
 &= b(a+b) - b(b-a) \\
 &= ab + b^2 - b^2 + ab \\
 &= 2ab
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x+y)x + (y-x)x = (x+y)x + (y-x)x =$$

$$x^2 + xy + yx - x^2 =$$

$$(x+y)x + (y-x)x =$$

$$(x+y)x + (y-x)x =$$

$$(x-y)x + (y+x)x =$$